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3 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
4 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

5 TERRELL DESHON KEMP SR,
6 Plaintiff,
7 vs.
8 SHERIFF JOE LOMBARDO, et al.,
9 Defendants.
10

Case No. 2:17-cv-01474-RFB-CWH
SCREENING ORDER

11 Presently before the court is plaintiff Terrell Deshon Kemp Sr.'s application to proceed *in*
12 *forma pauperis* (ECF No. 1), filed on May 22, 2017. Also before the court is Kemp's civil rights
13 complaint filed under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. (Compl. (ECF No. 1-1).) Plaintiff is a pro se inmate in
14 the custody of the Clark County Detention Center.

15 **I. *IN FORMA PAUPERIS* APPLICATION**

16 Kemp submitted the declaration required by 28 U.S.C. §1915(a) showing an inability to
17 prepay fees and costs or to give security for them. Based on the information regarding Kemp's
18 financial status, the court finds he is unable to pay an initial installment toward the full filing fee
19 required under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b). However, Kemp will be required to make installment
20 payments toward the full \$350.00 filing fee when he has funds available. Kemp's request to
21 proceed *in forma pauperis* therefore will be granted.

22 **II. SCREENING COMPLAINT**

23 Federal courts must conduct a preliminary screening in any civil case "in which a prisoner
24 seeks redress from a governmental entity or officer or employee of a governmental entity." 28
25 U.S.C. § 1915A(a). In its review, the court must identify any cognizable claims and dismiss any
26 claims that are frivolous, malicious, fail to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, or seek
27 monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. *Id.* § 1915A(b)(1),(2). In
28 addition to the screening requirements under § 1915A, under the Prison Litigation Reform Act, the

1 court must dismiss the case if “the allegation of poverty is untrue” or if the court determines the
2 action “is frivolous or malicious; fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted; or seeks
3 monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief.” *Id.* § 1915(e)(2).

4 Dismissal for failure to state a claim under § 1915A incorporates the standard for failure to
5 state a claim under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 12(b)(6). *Nordstrom v. Ryan*, 762 F.3d 903,
6 908 (9th Cir. 2014). To survive § 1915A review, a complaint must “contain sufficient factual
7 matter, accepted as true, to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face.” *Id.* (quoting *Ashcroft*
8 *v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009)). The court liberally construes pro se civil rights complaints and
9 may only dismiss them “if it appears beyond doubt that the plaintiff can prove no set of facts in
10 support of his claim which would entitle him to relief.” *Id.* (quoting *Iqbal*, 556 U.S. at 678).

11 In considering whether the complaint is sufficient to state a claim, all allegations of material
12 fact are taken as true and construed in the light most favorable to the plaintiff. *Wylar Summit*
13 *P’ship v. Turner Broad. Sys. Inc.*, 135 F.3d 658, 661 (9th Cir. 1998) (citation omitted). Although
14 the standard under Rule 12(b)(6) does not require detailed factual allegations, a plaintiff must
15 provide more than mere labels and conclusions. *Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly*, 550 U.S. 544, 555
16 (2007). A formulaic recitation of the elements of a cause of action is insufficient. *Id.* Unless it is
17 clear the complaint’s deficiencies could not be cured through amendment, a pro se plaintiff should
18 be given leave to amend the complaint with notice regarding the complaint’s deficiencies. *Cato v.*
19 *United States*, 70 F.3d 1103, 1106 (9th Cir. 1995).

20 When evaluating a complaint under Rule 12(b)(6), a court also reviews compliance with
21 Rule 8. *See Twombly*, 550 U.S. at 555-63. Illegible allegations do not satisfy Rule 8(a), which
22 requires a complaint to contain a “short” and “plain” statement of the claim. *See, e.g., Shuster v.*
23 *Oppelman*, 962 F. Supp. 394, 396 (S.D.N.Y. 1997) (stating that a partially illegible pro se
24 complaint does not comply with Rule 8); *Knutson v. Lucky Store, Inc.*, No. CIV S-07-0981-LKK-
25 EFB-P, 2008 WL 4167076, at *1 (E.D. Cal. Sept. 5, 2008) (dismissing a pro se complaint that was
26 mostly illegible and did not comply with Rule 8).

27 Here, Kemp brings a civil rights complaint under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, alleging claims against
28 defendants Sheriff Joe Lombardo, City of Las Vegas Metro Police Department, Sergeant T. Garcia,

1 Officer Cordero, and County Commissioners related to injuries Kemp sustained during an arrest.
2 (Compl. (ECF No. 1-1).) Although Kemp's handwriting is clear on some pages, it is so faint on
3 other pages that it is impossible for the court to decipher all of his allegations. For instance, the
4 court cannot decipher Kemp's allegations on page four of the complaint in the sections in which
5 Kemp alleges how the County Commissioners were acting under the color of law and in the section
6 titled "nature of the case." Given the difficulty in reading portions of the complaint, the court is
7 unable to determine exactly what claims Kemp is attempting to allege against which defendants and
8 cannot evaluate whether Kemp states claims for relief. Thus, even liberally construing the
9 complaint in Kemp's favor, it fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. The court
10 therefore will dismiss the complaint without prejudice for Kemp to file an amended complaint.

11 If Kemp chooses to file an amended complaint, it must be clearly printed or typed. To the
12 extent Kemp is attempting to bring a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, Kemp must allege facts
13 indicating that: (1) a right secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States was violated,
14 and (2) the alleged violation was committed by a person acting under color of state law. *See West*
15 *v. Atkins*, 487 U.S. 42, 48 (1988). Kemp must ascribe particular conduct to particular defendants.
16 All defendants must be identified in the caption of the pleading and all defendants must be named
17 in the section of the amended complaint designated for that purpose. Although the Federal Rules of
18 Civil Procedure adopt a flexible pleading standard, Kemp still must give the defendants fair notice
19 of his claims against them and of his entitlement to relief.

20 Furthermore, Kemp is advised that if he files an amended complaint, the original complaint
21 no longer serves any function in this case. As such, if Kemp files an amended complaint, it must
22 be complete in and of itself without reference to prior pleadings or other documents. The court
23 cannot refer to a prior pleading or other documents to make Kemp's amended complaint complete.

24 Finally, the court will deny without prejudice all other pending motions in the case. The
25 court cannot determine its jurisdiction in this matter or evaluate these motions until it determines
26 which claims and parties are at issue in this case. Kemp is advised that if he chooses to amend his
27 complaint, he should refrain from filing motions, such as discovery motions and other procedural
28 motions, until the court re-screens his amended complaint and determines whether the case will

1 proceed. The court will order service of process on the defendants if and when it is time to do so.

2 **III. CONCLUSION**

3 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that plaintiff Terrell Deshon Kemp Sr.'s application to
4 proceed *in forma pauperis* (ECF No. 1) is GRANTED. Kemp will not be required to pay an initial
5 installment fee and is permitted to maintain this action to conclusion without prepaying fees or
6 costs or giving security for them. However, under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b), Kemp will be required to
7 make installment payments toward the full \$350.00 filing fee when he has funds available. This
8 order does not extend to the issuance of subpoenas at government expense.

9 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b), the Clark County
10 Detention Center shall pay to the Clerk of the United States District Court, District of Nevada, 20%
11 of the preceding month's deposits to the account of Terrell Deshon Kemp Sr., #1196637 (in months
12 that the account exceeds \$10.00) until the full \$350.00 filing fee has been paid for this action. If
13 Plaintiff should be transferred and become under the care of the Nevada Department of
14 Corrections, the CCDC Accounting Supervisor is directed to send a copy of this order to the
15 attention of the Chief of Inmate Services for the Nevada Department of Corrections, P.O. Box
16 7011, Carson City, NV 89702, indicating the amount that Plaintiff has paid toward his filing fee, so
17 that funds may continue to be deducted from Plaintiff's account. The Clerk shall send a copy of
18 this order to the CCDC Accounting Supervisor, 330 S. Casino Center Blvd., Las Vegas, NV 89101.

19 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if this action is dismissed or is otherwise unsuccessful,
20 the full \$350.00 filing fee is still due under 28 U.S.C. § 1915, as amended by the Prison Litigation
21 Reform Act.

22 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of the Court must file Kemp's complaint (ECF
23 No. 1-1).

24 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Kemp's complaint (ECF No. 1-1) is DISMISSED
25 without prejudice for failure to state a claim upon which relief can be granted, with leave to amend.
26 If Kemp chooses to file an amended complaint, he must do so by April 13, 2018. Failure to comply
27 with this order will result in a report and recommendation to the assigned United States district
28 judge that this case be dismissed.

1 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of Court must send to Kemp the approved form
2 for filing a § 1983 complaint, instructions for the same, a copy of his original complaint (ECF No.
3 1-1), and a copy of the docket sheet for his reference.

4 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that all other pending motions (ECF Nos. 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10) are
5 DENIED without prejudice.

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7 DATED: March 14, 2018

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11 **C.W. Hoffman, Jr.**
12 **United States Magistrate Judge**
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